

Establish the identity<sup>1</sup>

$$\frac{\cos(\theta) + \sin(\theta) - \sin^3(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} = \cot(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta)$$

For this identity, either side is a complicated expression, so we can choose which we'd like to work with. Let's start with the left side and try to transform it into the right.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\cos(\theta) + \sin(\theta) - \sin^3(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} &= \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} + \frac{\sin(\theta) - \sin^3(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} \\ &= \cot(\theta) + \frac{\sin(\theta)(1 - \sin^2(\theta))}{\sin(\theta)} \\ &= \cot(\theta) + (1 - \sin^2(\theta)) \\ &= \cot(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta)\end{aligned}$$

Thus

$$\frac{\cos(\theta) + \sin(\theta) - \sin^3(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} = \cot(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta)$$

On the other hand, we could start with the right side and try to transform it into the left.

$$\begin{aligned}\cot(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta) &= \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} + \cos^2(\theta) \\ &= \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} + \cos^2(\theta) \cdot \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} \\ &= \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} + \frac{\cos^2(\theta)\sin(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} \\ &= \frac{\cos(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta)\sin(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} \\ &= \frac{\cos(\theta) + (1 - \sin^2(\theta))\sin(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} \\ &= \frac{\cos(\theta) + \sin(\theta) - \sin^3(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)}\end{aligned}$$

Thus

$$\cot(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta) = \frac{\cos(\theta) + \sin(\theta) - \sin^3(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)}$$

or, as the original identity stated

$$\frac{\cos(\theta) + \sin(\theta) - \sin^3(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} = \cot(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta)$$

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<sup>1</sup>Sullivan, *Precalculus: Enhanced with Graphing Utilities*, p. 475, #84.