Santiago Canyon College
Distance Education
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Santiago Canyon College is an innovative learning community dedicated to intellectual and personal growth. Our purpose is to foster student success and to help students achieve these core outcomes: to learn, to act, to communicate and to think critically. We are committed to maintaining standards of excellence and providing accessible, transferable, and engaging education to a diverse community. (Approved by RSCCD Board of Trustees, 9-23-13)
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Teaching Online Preparation

SCC Definitions

55200. Definition and Application.
Distance education means instruction in which the instructor and student are separated by distance and interact through the assistance of communication technology. All distance education is subject to the general requirements of this chapter as well as the specific requirements of this article. In addition, instruction provided as distance education is subject to the requirements that may be imposed by the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. §12100 et seq.) and section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, (29 U.S.C. §794d).

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 66700 and 70901, Education Code.

Reference: Sections 70901 and 70902, Education Code; Title 29 United States Code Section 794d, and Title 42 United States Code Section 12100 et seq.

Online
Courses in which students work entirely without having to come to the college facility. Arranged proctored tests may be available in this modality (students do not have to come to SCC to take tests); orientations and/or face-to-face class meetings are optional. Synchronous activities are not required but if synchronous events are scheduled, they may be posted as required archives for asynchronous access.

Hybrid
Anytime distance education is offered in lieu of face-to-face class time, where planned face-to-face time is formally scheduled. This designation is also given whenever students are required to come to SCC for any reason (testing, orientation, etc).

Virtual Hybrid
All course activities take place online. Online Synchronous activities are scheduled along with asynchronous online activities. Dates and times for online synchronous activities are posted in the schedule of classes.

Proctoring
If proctoring is required, it cannot be required that students come to campus unless the class is designated as a Hybrid course. For Online courses, instructors must arrange for a proctoring location in collaboration with the student. Proctoring locations that charge a fee need to be approved by your division Dean and paid for by Santiago Canyon College.

Curriculum Approval
Course Curriculum Approval

Each proposed or existing course offered by distance education shall be reviewed and approved separately through a Distance Education Addendum. Separate approval is mandatory if any portion of the instruction in a course or a course section is designed to be provided through distance education.

The review and approval of new and existing distance education courses shall follow Santiago Canyon College’s curriculum approval procedures. Distance education courses shall be approved under the same conditions and criteria as all other courses.

Certification

When approving distance education courses, the curriculum committee will certify the following:

55202. Course Quality Standards.
The same standards of course quality shall be applied to any portion of a course conducted through distance education as are applied to traditional classroom courses, in regard to the course quality judgment made pursuant to the requirements of section 55002, and in regard to any local course quality determination or review process. Determinations and judgments about the quality of distance education under the course quality standards shall be made with the full involvement of faculty in accordance with the provisions of subchapter 2 (commencing with section 53200) of chapter 2.


Course Quality Determinations
Determinations and judgments about the quality of the distance education course were made with the full involvement of the curriculum committee approval procedures.

Instructor and Student Contact
Each section of the course that is delivered through distance education will include instructor initiated regular effective contact between instructor and students. Assignments and activities will also promote regular student-to-student contact. See Important Policies, section 3, for a more detailed description of instructor initiated regular and effective contact.

Attendance
Attendance shall be assessed by the instructor regularly based on student activities. Students must be actively communicating with the instructor and students. Students must be completing assigned work. Students who are not meeting course attendance expectations must be dropped from the class and the Last Day of Attendance, based on assignment submittal, must be documented by the professor. Contact the distance education office if you need ideas or effective practices for managing online class documentation.
Training and Support

All faculty teaching Online, Hybrid and Virtual Hybrid courses must meet readiness standards prior to online teaching.

The Technology Committee (TC) is a shared governance committee. TC will address the evolving technology needs of SCC in a variety of areas related to the use of technology for instructional purposes. The TC will be the recommending body for curriculum, modifications, policies, procedures, systems, and purchases that relate to distance education and technology used for teaching and learning, unless a specific Distance Learning Committee has been created. The Academic Senate has adopted the following faculty readiness criteria developed by TC that requires training for faculty members prior to teaching online and/or hybrid courses:

1. Complete an SCC Online Teaching certificate (free for currently employed faculty); or
2. Online teaching certificates awarded by institutions other than Santiago Canyon College must be evaluated by the Distance Education Coordinator and the Division Dean, as allowed by the faculty contract as negotiated by FARS CCD and in accordance with appropriate Divisions and the Curriculum Committee. Santiago Canyon College will accept certificates that match or exceed our online teaching certificate’s learning outcomes. The @One certificate program is pre-approved for 2015; or
3. Demonstrate prior successful experience in teaching distance education course(s) at SCC.

Designing a Course

Effective Practices

Academic Senate for California Community Colleges (ASCCC) examines issues of educational technology that involve policy and their implementation important to local academic senates. In particular, it includes current information regarding a separate DE curriculum review and instructor-student contact. It suggests a variety of effective practices in educational technology appropriate for college governance that will facilitate planning. Ensuring The Appropriate Use of Educational Technology: An Update For Local Academic Senates.

The list of best practice strategies is based on “Institutional Policies/Practices and Course Design Strategies to Promote Academic Integrity in Online Education,” by the combined efforts of Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) Cooperative for Educational Technologies, WCET and Instructional Technology Council (ITC), and UT TeleCampus of the University of Texas System. Best Practice Strategies to Promote Academic Integrity in Online Education

Policies & Check List for Course Design

All Distance Education policies, checklists, and resources are kept up to date and are
available in the Blackboard Faculty Help site. If you do not have access to this site, please contact Distance Education at 714.628.5007.

Compliance

Accessibility

It is a federal mandate that all online course materials be designed to be accessible to students with a disability. Unlike just-in-time accommodation in the face-to-face classroom, **online course materials must be accessible at the time they are made available to students**. Workshops are regularly held at SCC to help faculty in this regard and it is recommended for the online teaching faculty to attend on a regular basis. In order to accomplish video captioning and uploading, SCC online teaching faculty are requested to contact SCC’s Alternate Media Specialist (E-105, x84864).

Authentication

**NOTE:** This procedure is **legally required** in an effort to show good faith compliance with the applicable federal regulations if the District offers distance education or correspondence education.

Consistent with federal regulations pertaining to federal financial aid eligibility, the District must authenticate or verify that the student who registers in a distance education or correspondence education courses is the same student who participates in and completes the course or program and receives the academic credit. The District will provide to each student at the time of registration, a statement of the process in place to protect student privacy and estimated additional student charges associated with verification of student identity, if any.

To comply with this regulation, Santiago Canyon College requires all distance education students to log in to our Course Management System (CMS) with their secure, unique identification and password.

Faculty are encouraged to have one high-stakes exam proctored or use new or other technologies and practices that are effective in verifying student identification. Faculty are encouraged to use Turnitin to help authenticate their students, which is available within Blackboard.

Academic Integrity

It is a requirement for SCC faculty to define cheating and plagiarism in course documentation and syllabus. Faculty should have a link to the technology acceptable use policy and student conduct policy. Very often community college students do not understand what plagiarism means. A recommended method would be to hold a discussion forum asking students to write what it means to plagiarize. It should be made clear in the course content that the topic should be course specific. The following link would serve as a good example: [Rutgers – Interactive Plagiarism Video, Real Life Examples](#).
and Quiz. Faculty can assist students to be ready to take an online class, which will help with online course retention rates. SCC Faculty have access to Turnitin via the web or Blackboard. It is recommended that Turnitin be used as a teaching tool and another way to help verify the identity of your online students.

Regular Effective Contact

Santa Ana College and Santiago Canyon College Regular Effective Contact Guidelines

Regulations:
Title 5 and the Distance Education Guidelines for the California Community Colleges state:
These two sections emphasize the extent to which course quality depends upon the full involvement of faculty in DE design and application.

55211. Instructor Contact.
In addition to the requirements of section 55002 and any locally established requirements applicable to all courses, district-governing boards shall ensure that:
(a) All approved courses offered as distance education include regular effective contact between instructor and students, through group or individual meetings, orientation and review sessions, supplemental seminar or study sessions, field trips, library workshops, telephone contact, correspondence, voice mail, e-mail, or other activities.
(b) All distance education courses are delivered consistent with guidelines issued by the Chancellor pursuant to section 409 of the Procedures and Standing Orders of the Board of Governors. Regular effective contact is an academic and professional matter pursuant to title 5, section 53200.


Guideline for Section 55211
This section defines what contact must be maintained between instructor and student:
Subsection (a) stresses the responsibility of the instructor in a DE course to initiate regular contact with enrolled students to verify their participation and performance status. The use of the term “regular effective contact” in this context suggests that students should have frequent opportunities to ask questions and receive answers from the instructor of record.
Subsection (b) honors the principle that for DE courses, there are a number of acceptable interactions between instructor and student, not all of which may require in person contact. Thus, districts will need to define “effective contact” including how often, and in what manner instructor-student interaction is achieved. It is important that districts document how regular effective contact is achieved. Since regular effective contact was declared an academic and professional matter, this documentation must include demonstration of collegial consultation with the academic senate, for example through its delegation to the local curriculum committee. A natural place for this to occur is during the separate course approval process (see section 55213). Documentation should consist of the inclusion of information in applicable outlines of record on the type and frequency of interaction appropriate to each DE course/section or session. As indicated in the Guideline to Section 55219, districts need to describe the type and quantity of student-faculty interaction in their annual reports to their local governing boards and the State Chancellor’s Office.

Rationale:
In traditional face to face classes, students have the opportunity to interact with the instructor in person to facilitate their learning. In the online or hybrid class, it is essential to ensure regular effective instructor/student contact to provide an effective learning environment. The instructor’s role a source of information as well as a facilitator of communication must be closely delineated as it takes on different forms. In the face to face class, students meet with the instructor and receive announcements, course information, lectures, and participate in activities and discussions.
According to Title 5 regulations the same standards of course quality shall be applied to distance education classes as to traditional on campus courses with the only distinctions being the need for a separate curriculum approval process and the need to ensure regular effective contact. In the traditional
face to face course, the interaction is in the form of lectures, group work activities and/or discussions, information such as responding to questions in class. Instructors also interact via the telephone, email, or office visits. The same qualities of regular effective contact should be applied to distance education.

**Policy:**
Regular effective contact in all distance education courses, whether fully online or hybrid, shall include:

**Initiated interaction:** Instructors will regularly initiate interaction with students to ensure participation in course activities as well as to ascertain that they are accessing and comprehending course material. Providing open ended question forums and or discussions is part of this interaction, but is not sufficient in itself.

**Frequency:** Because distance education courses are considered to meet the same quality standards, the frequency of contact will be at least the same as would be established in a traditional, face to face course. At the very least, the number of instructor contact hours per week that would be available for face to face students, will also be available, in asynchronous and/or synchronous mode, with distance education students. Contact should occur as often as is appropriate for the course in a manner that ensures that regular contact is maintained. It may be distributed in a variety of ways based on asynchronous instructional methodologies.

**Establishing expectations and managing unexpected instructor absence:** At the beginning of the semester, the syllabus should include the instructor and/or department policy describing the frequency and timeliness of instructor initiated contact and instructor feedback. The announcements area of the course will be used to notify students if an instructor must be out of contact for a brief period for an unexpected reason, such as illness or family emergency. If the instructor is offline for a lengthy time (more than three or four days) a substitute instructor should be available to assist students while the instructor is unavailable.

**Type of Contact:** All Santa Ana College and Santiago Canyon College distance education instructors will use varied means of contact, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Weekly announcements in Blackboard or other course management system;
- Discussion forums with appropriate and consistent feedback from instructor;
- Instructor prepared electronic lectures or introduction to any publisher created materials;
- Timely feedback for student work;
- General email;
- Telephone contact as necessary.

**Suggestions:** Instructors should also choose to use other forms of communication as mentioned in section 55211 of Title 5. ("...through group or individual meetings, orientation and review sessions, supplemental seminar or study sessions, field trips, library workshops, telephone contact, correspondence, voice mail, email, or other activities.") and/or CCCConfer, video conference, pod cast, or other synchronous technologies may also be included.

A threaded discussion forum that is used for general questions about the course is very helpful and may be used along with weekly or other timely, question and answer sessions.

**Copyright**

Understanding what copyright is why it exists, and being able to effectively apply “fair use” guidelines when faculty use copyrighted materials in their courses are essential tools for any educator. However, teaching online generally adds some additional challenging questions to the mix. To ensure faculty are provided with a clear and comprehensive overview of the topic, faculty are requested to read the shared Copyright 101 module created by BYU. “Copyright 101“ is designed to:

- Increase faculty knowledge and understanding of copyright and licensing issues; and know what it means to say that someone owns the copyright to a creative work.
- Learn more about why copyright law exists and where it all started (the history of
copyright).

- Know how to resolve basic copyright/licensing questions and when and who to ask for more help.
- Realize and respect the ethical/moral aspects involved in using materials protected by copyright.
- Be able to answer a variety of copyright questions and solve specific case studies.

**The Teach Act**

The Technology, Education, and Copyright Harmonization (TEACH) Act of 2002 extend an instructor’s legal use of copyrighted materials in online instruction at accredited nonprofit education institutions. Applying the TEACH Act is complex and relies on the instructor’s adherence to a specific set of criteria. Faculty are encouraged to speak directly with members of their own institution to understand if specific use of copyrighted materials in their online classes is within the guidelines of the TEACH Act. Faculty may find the resource, **THE TEACH ACT: HOW THE LAW AFFECTS ONLINE INSTRUCTION** created and shared by Florida State University helpful.

**Creative Commons**

Dialogue about the friction between copyright law and digital media have led to the development of Creative Commons. Creative Commons (CC) provides flexible copyright licenses that copyright owners may choose to apply to their work. The CC licenses grant more flexibility than traditional copyright but not as much as “public domain.” A work in the public domain may be used freely. A Creative Commons licensed work still requires the user to adhere to specific guidelines but may be as simple as “crediting the author.” The popularity of CC has resulted in the fostering of a culture of sharing and there are now thousands of works online that faculty may use without violating copyright. If the instructor is seeking images or audio for a class, it is in the interest of the instructor to check for CC licensed work. The following link can be helpful in this regard: **What is Creative Commons**.

**Unit of Credit**

A unit of credit is approximately one hour of class plus two hours of study per week, or three hours of laboratory per week carried through the term. For each hour of lecture/discussion, two hours of preparation are assumed. To receive credit, the student must be officially enrolled in the course. Students not officially enrolled by the proper date will not receive credit for the course, even if they complete all course work.

**Important Policies**

**Course Expectations**

**Orientation and Student Readiness**
Orienting students to online learning is an important first step in ensuring student success in online classes. SCC faculty shall provide students with a link to SCC’s online readiness orientation or an external “Are You Ready for an Online Class” quiz or presentation.

Please consider making a screen capture video of your course so that students get an overview of the structure of your online class. Also, please consider writing a welcome letter to your students including the following.

1. Welcome your student to the class in an encouraging tone
2. Explain the "Course Basics" including:
   a. The name of your course and
   b. The date it begins
   c. The duration of the course
   d. Blackboard login information (consider emailing this list to your students as well as posting it in Blackboard)
   e. A link to Blackboard’s log-in
3. Prepare your students for a successful start by including the following items:
   a. The estimated number of hours each student should expect to commit to this course
   b. Clarify if this is a fully online class or if there are campus visits required (if so, specify what these visits are for and, if possible at this point, how many there will be and provide the dates of the visits)
4. Where students should go or who they should contact (a URL is fine) if they have trouble logging into the your course or don't understand how to log in
5. The campus-approved DSPS statement.
6. At least one resource for new online students (details about a new online student orientation or a link to an external "Are You Ready for an Online Class" quiz or presentation)
7. Your preferred method of contact

Online students often have an expectation that they can do their work on the weekends and, therefore, may not log in to Blackboard on the first day the course begins. We want to engage our students quickly but we don’t want to drop students too quickly, either. Remember that online students are not enrolled in a “Monday” class and many online
students are enrolled in an online class because of the flexibility online classes provide. Please send them an email with your log in expectations for the start of the class and give them a couple of days to comply.

Consider having your students complete a quick low-stakes assignment or exam that will immediately engage them in the class and give their technology a compatibility check. A formative quiz (learning quiz that can be taken multiple times) on the class Syllabus can be an effective way of engaging your students into your online class while learning the class expectations.

Dropping Students

It is a federal mandate that faculty cannot use the course statistics in Blackboard to determine whether a student is participating in an online class. If students do not participate in the activities of the course (i.e. discussion forums, assignment submission, etc.) and are only logging in but not doing any meaningful work for an extended length of time (stated in the syllabus), faculty can use their discretion to drop students. Faculty should consider putting in their syllabus that they expect students to remain active participants throughout the entire course, completing and submitting assignments. If a student becomes inactive for an extended period (1 week, for example), the professor must drop them from the course.

Per Title 5, Section 58004, “Districts shall, according to procedures adopted by the Governing board, clear the rolls of inactive enrollment.” Faculty are required to drop students who have not attended or who are no longer actively enrolled at the end of the 2nd week of classes.” Faculty should clear the roles of inactive enrollment. Inactive enrollment is defined as follows:

As of each census day, any student who has:

- Has been identified as a no-show
- Has officially withdrawn from the course, or
- Has been dropped from the course because the student is no longer participating.

No longer participating includes:

- Excessive, unexcused absences
- Non attendance
- Failure to complete substantive coursework or interaction

Faculty drops done online are date driven. When you drop a student prior to census, the student is designated as a NS (no show) for State reporting. When you drop between census and the 75% point in your class, the student is given an EA (excessive absence). After 75% of your class, drops are not allowed. No “W” (withdrawal) grades may be assigned after the 75% point of a class. You will not be able to add students to the final roster/grade
sheet. Theoretically, a student may have attended your class the entire semester without being enrolled and will not receive credit for the course or a grade. It is your responsibility to compare students attending your class with active students on your roster. All pertinent dates regarding adding/dropped/refunds are listed under section information of each course on WebAdvisor.

DO NOT ALLOW STUDENTS WHO ARE NOT PARTICIPATING TO REMAIN IN CLASS.

Online and hybrid classes have additional expectations for dropping students. You must document each student’s activity within your class. When a student is no longer completing regular and substantive interaction in your class, you must drop this student. Please consider using assignments, discussions, exams, and Blackboard’s Retention Center to help manage students’ regular and substantive interaction.

**Instructor Initiated Regular Effective Contact**

Section 55204 of Title 5 defines Regular and Effective contact as “...[contact] through group or individual meetings, orientation and review sessions, supplemental seminar or study sessions, field trips, library workshops, telephone contact, correspondence, voice mail, e-mail, or other activities.” Web conference, video conference, podcast, or other synchronous technologies may also be used.

Regular Effective Contact is mandated by Title 5 regulations. SCC has adopted a regular effective contact policy, which is available above in full text. The policy pertains to instructor-initiated contact with students mandated by Title 5 regulations. When administration receives complaints from students about online courses, the main reason is that the instructor has not kept in touch with them either by not answering emails promptly or by not posting announcements, discussion responses, or providing timely assignment feedback. Student retention and success rates are directly tied to how well faculty communicate with online students. Please become familiar with the policy. Faculty are required to initiate regular and effective contact with their students, create activities that promote student-to-student contact, and ensure students are regularly interacting with each other and the course content.

It is important to understand that Effective Contact is not narrowly defined. You can imagine that each instructor will have a different approach in their class and, therefore, Regular and Effective is up to interpretation. In general, however, ask yourself a few of the following questions. Are you getting to know your online students? Do you know them by name and know their strengths and weaknesses? Are you probing with follow-up questions that target knowledge gaps for a specific student? Have you referred several of your students to DSPS, Tutoring, EOPS, etc? Are you giving each student individualized feedback on their exam, assignment, discussion, or essay?

Online classes may seem cold and disconnected when our Regular and Effective Contact requirements are not being met. When they are being met, the online class is a vibrant
source of interaction between the instructor and students and from student-to-student. Consider Facebook. Facebook is an environment that is, at its core, distance communication. Yet this distance is far from isolating; in fact, Facebook’s greatest ability is the ability to connect people. It is our job, as teachers, to create this dynamic environment of communication and then bring it out of the superficial and in to deeper conversations and more meaningful interactions. Remember, also, that this contact should be documented. Email, discussion boards, assignment feedback are automatic methods of documenting this contact. But if you do have phone, Skype, or other transient conversations with your students, please document this activity. Consider documenting the time, date, who brought up the conversation and why, mode (for example, Skype conversation), and a summary of the conversation. Save any chat transcripts that you may have through third party sources, such as Google or AIM. Note: please do not use your personal Google or AIM account. Instead, sign up for a free account that is specific to your work at SCC.

There are several tools one may use for Regular and Effective Contact. There are Discussion Boards, Wikis, Blogs, Journals, phone calls, conference calls, chat, twitter, Blackboard’s feedback tools, and much more. But it comes down to how you use these tools that define Regular and Effective.

**Instructor Initiated Contact Suggested Methods**

**Brief Effective Practice Examples**

The following examples are important tools in maintaining managing an online/hybrid class.

- Threaded discussion forums in Learning Management System (LMS), with instructor participation. Include a forum where students may ask general questions.
- Email or other communications
- Weekly course announcements within our LMS
- Timely, meaningful, and individual FERPA compliant feedback for student work
- Instructor-prepared lectures or introductions to lectures and materials from other sources.
- Dropping students who are not completing substantive work (assignments, discussions, etc.)
- The frequency of the contact will be at least the same as would be established in a regular, on-campus course. At the very least, the number of instructor contact hours per week that would be available for on-campus students, will also be available, in asynchronous and/or synchronous mode, with students in the DE format (based on the Carnegie unit).
- Some assignments are given that promote student-to-student contact/collaboration.
Discussion
Discussion Boards promote Regular and Effective Contact in several ways:

- As an icebreaker tool to get to know students and have students get to know each other. This may be a required assignment and students will be expected to engage by sharing and commenting on their classmate’s posts.

- As an open forum for students to ask questions. You might consider giving other students points for answering questions, which will increase response time for students and reduce instructor load so that the instructor can focus on getting to know their students and their student’s needs. The instructor might choose to monitor this conversation and answer questions, guide the conversation, or make corrections as needed.

- As a tool for creating deeper understanding of the material. Consider asking students to respond to questions about the course material. Referencing Bloom’s taxonomy [Bloom’s according to LSU - video (3:51)]

- Consider giving students asynchronous assignments (such as video lectures or homework assignments) to promote Remembering and Understanding. You might choose to then use the discussion board to probe deeper into the material and ask students to Apply, Analyze, and Evaluate the material. Further, you may want to use Wiki, Blog, or video assignments to provide students with the opportunity to Create. Consider reading and strategically responding to discussion board posts.

Videos
Videos can help your students connect with you and can be a great tool for orienting your students to Blackboard, to an assignment, or for lecturing.

Consider using Camtasia Relay (a screen recording tool available to you at SCC) to record a Blackboard orientation. A student who is oriented to a site can spend less time fumbling around looking for things and more time on the material. Also, introductory materials for online classes can be daunting at the beginning of a class. Breaking up that text into video portions can help your students consume material in a more traditional manner.

Consider creating a weekly closed-captioned video announcement for your class. You might choose to give students the opportunity to watch the video announcement and/or read it.

Lecturing is important. Consider using Camtasia Relay to record lectures. Camtasia provide you with the opportunity to easily record your voice over a PowerPoint presentation and deploy that lecture as a video. Live lecturing tools are also available, such as CCCConfer or 3CMeNow.

Feedback
Timely feedback provides an opportunity for your students to evaluate their study practice.
and approach for learning in your class. Providing them this timely feedback gives your students the opportunity to adjust or validate their approach to learning. Timely individualized feedback is particularly important in online classes because the distance an asynchronous nature of an online class can lead to an increased feeling of being disconnected.

In order to connect with our students and to provide feedback, consider:

- using Blackboard’s exam statistics to see where your class is having difficulty and respond to that gap in knowledge with an appropriate assignment or lecture.
- reading discussion boards and responding to student inquiries regularly.
- listing in the syllabus days for which you will be offline. If you will not be able to contact students back within 2 days, consider posting an announcement informing your students so that they understand there might be a delay in response time.
- regularly using the Blackboard feedback tools to provide individualized assignment feedback.
- using secure communication tools, such as CCCConfer, to give your students the opportunity to ask live questions.

Giving timely assignment feedback is an essential component of instructor initiated regular contact. Blackboard has a feedback tool with in every grade center column to help you reach out to your students.

The Retention Center in Blackboard also gives you the opportunity to monitor your student’s progress. Check out the ability to monitor your students activity (with respect to each other), access, grades, and due dates. The tool also provides you with an easy way to email everyone who is at risk at once. Do not use statistics alone to determine how your students are performing.

I hope the examples above give you some idea as to what Title 5 means by Regular and Effective Contact. Please contact the Distance Education Coordinator for more detail or for course guidance.

Remember that Regular and Effective Contact starts in the course design. You will want your online class to be completely built out and designed in Blackboard so that you are able to spend all of your time managing and communicating within your class, rather than designing or modifying it.

**Frequency**

DE courses are considered the “virtual equivalent” of on-campus courses. Therefore, the frequency of the contact will be at least the same as would be established in a regular, on-campus course. At the very least, the number of instructor contact hours per week that would be available for on-campus students, will also be available, in asynchronous and/or synchronous mode, with students in the DE format (based on the Carnegie unit).
Evaluation Guidelines

Faculty wishing to perform a self-evaluation of their online class are encouraged to use the [Class Design Rubric for the Online Education Initiative](#) (opens in a new window).

Visitation Protocols for Online Courses

Classes may be visited by the Blackboard support technician for the following reason.

1. In response to a request from the instructor in the course (questionable student conduct, technical problems, course development review, and pedagogical or technical recommendation).

2. Course evaluation in compliance with FARSCCD Contract, Article 8 (page 42).

Office Hours

Faculty who teach online courses shall have their office hours reduced by the ratio of 1 hour per 3 LHE of online courses taught.

Student Services for Online Students

Offering high quality student services is an integral part of supporting student success. Please continue to refer your online students to SCC’s student services, such as Counseling, Tutoring, DSPS, etc.

Email and Contact Archiving

District email is automatically archived and saved to comply with legal mandates. You are required to use District email for communicating with your students. Please contact the Help Desk for information on how you can better sort your inbox by class.

Technical Support

SCC is committed to making your interaction with technology a seamless one so that you can spend your time teaching, rather than teaching. Please contact the Distance Education Coordinator about technology workshops and general support. The Distance Education Coordinator is Scott James, [james_scott@sccollege.edu](mailto:james_scott@sccollege.edu), (714) 628-5007, E-316.

Portions of this document were adapted from Mt. San Jacinto College, Distance Education Faculty Handbook 2011-2012 and Long Beach City College’s Regular and Effective Contact policy.

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Appendix
Regulations

Title 5 and the Distance Education Guidelines for the California Community Colleges state:

55200. Definition and Application

Distance education means instruction in which the instructor and student are separated by distance and interact through the assistance of communication technology. All distance education is subject to the general requirements of this chapter as well as the specific requirements of this article. In addition, instruction provided as distance education is subject to the requirements that may be imposed by the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. §12100 et seq.) and section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, (29 U.S.C. §794d).

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 66700 and 70901, Education Code.
Reference: Sections 70901 and 70902, Education Code; Title 29 United States Code Section 794d, and Title 42 United States Code Section 12100 et seq.

55202. Course Quality Standards

The same standards of course quality shall be applied to any portion of a course conducted through distance education as are applied to traditional classroom courses, in regard to the course quality judgment made pursuant to the requirements of section 55002, and in regard to any local course quality determination or review process. Determinations and judgments about the quality of distance education under the course quality standards shall be made with the full involvement of faculty in accordance with the provisions of subchapter 2 (commencing with section 53200) of chapter 2.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 66700 and 70901, Education Code.
References: Sections 70901 and 70902, Education Code.

Guideline for Section 55202

This section emphasizes the extent to which course quality depends upon the full involvement of faculty in the design and application of DE courses. It discusses course quality standards for distance education and combines language formerly found in sections 55207 and 55209 which it replaces. Language is added to clarify that normal course quality standards apply to any portion of a course conducted through distance education.

55204. Instructor Contact

In addition to the requirements of section 55002 and any locally established requirements applicable to all courses, district governing boards shall ensure that:

(a) Any portion of a course conducted through distance education includes regular effective contact between instructor and students, through group or individual meetings, orientation and review sessions, supplemental seminar or study sessions, field trips, library workshops, telephone contact, correspondence, voice mail, e-mail, or other activities. Regular effective contact is an academic and professional matter pursuant to sections 53200 et seq.

(b) Any portion of a course provided through distance education is conducted consistent with guidelines issued by the Chancellor pursuant to section 409 of the Procedures and Standing Orders of the Board of Governors.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 66700 and 70901, Education Code.
Reference: Sections 70901 and 70902, Education Code.

Guideline for Section 55204

This section defines what contact must be maintained between instructor and student. It is virtually identical to section 55211 which it replaces, except that language has been added to clarify that rules related to conduct of distance education and effective instructor contact apply to any portion of a course conducted through distance education.
Subdivision (a) stresses the responsibility of the instructor in a DE course to initiate regular contact with enrolled students to verify their participation and performance status. The use of the term “regular effective contact” in this context suggests that students should have frequent opportunities to ask questions and receive answers from the instructor of record.

The last published Distance Education Guidelines, March 2004, issued by the Chancellor pursuant to section 409 of the Procedures and Standing Orders of the Board of Governors, as referenced in subdivision (b), establishes the principle that for DE courses there are a number of acceptable interactions between instructor and student, not all of which may require in-person contact. Thus, districts and/or colleges will need to define “effective contact” including how often, and in what manner instructor-student interaction is achieved. It is important to document regular effective contact and how it is achieved. Since regular effective contact was declared an academic and professional matter, this documentation must include demonstration of collegial consultation with the academic senate, for example through its delegation to the local curriculum committee. A natural place for this to occur is during the separate course approval process (see section 55206) as well as during faculty evaluations, student surveys, and program review. Documentation should consist of the inclusion of information in applicable outlines of record on the type and frequency of interaction appropriate to each DE course/section or session. Local policies should establish and monitor minimum standards of regular effective contact.

Santa Ana College and Santiago Canyon College Regular Effective Contact Guidelines

Regulations:
Title 5 and the Distance Education Guidelines for the California Community Colleges state:
These two sections emphasize the extent to which course quality depends upon the full involvement of faculty in DE design and application.

55211. Instructor Contact.
In addition to the requirements of section 55002 and any locally established requirements applicable to all courses, district-governing boards shall ensure that:
(a) All approved courses offered as distance education include regular effective contact between instructor and students, through group or individual meetings, orientation and review sessions, supplemental seminar or study sessions, field trips, library workshops, telephone contact, correspondence, voice mail, e-mail, or other activities.
(b) All distance education courses are delivered consistent with guidelines issued by the Chancellor pursuant to section 409 of the Procedures and Standing Orders of the Board of Governors. Regular effective contact is an academic and professional matter pursuant to title 5, section 53200.


Guideline for Section 55211
This section defines what contact must be maintained between instructor and student:
Subsection (a) stresses the responsibility of the instructor in a DE course to initiate regular contact with enrolled students to verify their participation and performance status. The use of the term “regular effective contact” in this context suggests that students should have frequent opportunities to ask questions and receive answers from the instructor of record.
Subsection (b) honors the principle that for DE courses, there are a number of acceptable interactions between instructor and student, not all of which may require in person contact. Thus, districts will need to define “effective contact” including how often, and in what manner instructor-student interaction is achieved. It is important that districts document how regular effective contact is achieved. Since regular effective contact was declared an academic and professional matter, this documentation must include demonstration of collegial consultation with the academic senate, for example through its delegation to the local curriculum committee. A natural place for this to occur is during the separate course approval process (see section 55213). Documentation should consist of the inclusion of information in applicable outlines of record on the type and frequency of interaction appropriate to each DE course/section or session. As indicated in the Guideline to Section 55219, districts need to describe the type and quantity of student-faculty interaction in their annual reports to their local governing boards.
and the State Chancellor’s Office.

**Rationale:**
In traditional face to face classes, students have the opportunity to interact with the instructor in person to facilitate their learning. In the online or hybrid class, it is essential to ensure regular effective instructor/student contact to provide an effective learning environment. The instructor’s role a source of information as well as a facilitator of communication must be closely delineated as it takes on different forms. In the face to face class, students meet with the instructor and receive announcements, course information, lectures, and participate in activities and discussions. According to Title 5 regulations the same standards of course quality shall be applied to distance education classes as to traditional on campus courses with the only distinctions being the need for a separate curriculum approval process and the need to ensure regular effective contact. In the traditional face to face course, the interaction is in the form of lectures, group work activities and/or discussions, information such as responding to questions in class. Instructors also interact via the telephone, email, or office visits. The same qualities of regular effective contact should be applied to distance education.

**Policy:**
Regular effective contact in all distance education courses, whether fully online or hybrid, shall include:

**Initiated interaction:** Instructors will regularly initiate interaction with students to ensure participation in course activities as well as to ascertain that they are accessing and comprehending course material.

Providing open ended question forums and or discussions is part of this interaction, but is not sufficient in itself.

**Frequency:** Because distance education courses are considered to meet the same quality standards, the frequency of contact will be at least the same as would be established in a traditional, face to face course. At the very least, the number of instructor contact hours per week that would be available for face to face students, will also be available, in asynchronous and/or synchronous mode, with distance education students. Contact should occur as often as is appropriate for the course in a manner that ensures that regular contact is maintained. It may be distributed in a variety of ways based on asynchronous instructional methodologies.

**Establishing expectations and managing unexpected instructor absence:** At the beginning of the semester, the syllabus should include the instructor and/or department policy describing the frequency and timeliness of instructor initiated contact and instructor feedback. The announcements area of the course will be used to notify students if an instructor must be out of contact for a brief period for an unexpected reason, such as illness or family emergency. If the instructor is offline for a lengthy time (more than three or four days) a substitute instructor should be available to assist students while the instructor is unavailable.

**Type of Contact:** All Santa Ana College and Santiago Canyon College distance education instructors will use varied means of contact, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Weekly announcements in Blackboard or other course management system;
- Discussion forums with appropriate and consistent feedback from instructor;
- Instructor prepared electronic lectures or introduction to any publisher created materials;
- Timely feedback for student work;
- General email;
- Telephone contact as necessary.

**Suggestions:** Instructors should also choose to use other forms of communication as mentioned in section 55211 of Title 5. (“...through group or individual meetings, orientation and review sessions, supplemental seminar or study sessions, field trips, library workshops, telephone contact, correspondence, voice mail, email, or other activities.”) and/or CCCConfer, video conference, pod cast, or other synchronous technologies may also be included.

A threaded discussion forum that is used for general questions about the course is very helpful and may be used along with weekly or other timely, question and answer sessions.

**Online Teaching Faculty Readiness Checklist**

Faculty interested in teaching online must complete the following requirements before teaching online.
1. ______Dean, Department Chair, or Curriculum Chair complete Distance Education Addendum or confirm that the course outline has been approved for distance delivery.

2. ______Complete an Online Teacher Certificate Program. OR

3. ______Have your online instructor certificate, from another institution, evaluated and approved by your Division Dean and SCC’s Distance Education Coordinator.

Dean Signature ______
Distance Education Coordinator Signature ______

4. ______Submit this completed form to the Distance Education Coordinator.
**Brief Accessibility Checklist**

Creating accessible Web-based resources is a necessary step towards a classroom environment that supports the learning needs of all students. This checklist identifies several of the basic steps relevant to creating accessible Web-based resources in an educational setting; it is not a complete list to creating accessible Web content.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Accessibility Issue</strong></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Unsure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriate text descriptions for images.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Transcript or alternative provided for audio.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Captioning provided for multimedia content.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>At least one video is opened on the user's computer (i.e., video is not embedded on the Web page).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hyperlinks provide clear information as to end location or function.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other elements beside color are used to convey information (e.g., asterisk, etc.).</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sufficient color contrast is present to differentiate between the foreground and background.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Instructor has understanding of how to alter assignment time limit for student with appropriate accommodation.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tables with data have appropriate row and column headers identified.</td>
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<tr>
<td>MS PowerPoint presentations accessible or are available in an accessible format</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Adobe PDF documents are accessible or available in an accessible format</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contact information is available to obtain materials in alternate formats (if appropriate).</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Accessibility Checklist**  
**Checklist for Accessibility**
Creating accessible Web-based resources is a necessary step towards a classroom environment that supports the learning needs of all students. This checklist identifies several of the basic steps relevant to creating accessible Web-based resources in an educational setting; it is not a complete list to creating accessible Web content.

Images

Appropriate text descriptions for images:
Yes
No
Sometimes

Images contain a text description using one of the following methods:

1. For brief images, include a text description for the image.

2. For images that are more complex, include a brief description (as identified above) and include more description within the text of the page – either above or below the image.

3. If it is not possible to include a description of the image in the page, provide a link to a description of the image or use the "longdesc" attribute to link to an informational page.

**Note**

For images that are purely decorative, set the text description to a null value. For example, alt="". This can be accomplished in a Web authoring tool by selecting <empty> as the alternative text (i.e., Dreamweaver) or by selecting the Text checkbox in the Picture Properties dialog window (i.e., FrontPage 2003).

Audio

Transcript or alternative provided for audio:
Yes
No
Sometimes

Audio content requires a text transcript of the corresponding audio information.

1. For an audio track, provide a text transcript to the audio content. A simple method is to just provide a hyperlink to the text content.

2. If the audio track is music, identify the musical composer and any lyrics as part of the track.

Video

Captioning provided for multimedia content:
Yes
No
Sometimes

At least one video is activated within its own player (not embedded on Web page):
3. For any video content, provide captioning for the media presentation.

4. Provide one method to the user to open the media player on their computer (as opposed to embedding the player on a Web page). If the video must be embedded on a Web page, make sure that the playback controls can be accessed from the keyboard (e.g., able to "tab" to the controls).

5. Avoid setting the media player to automatically start playing the media presentation when the page is first displayed. If possible, let the user start the video rather than the video automatically playing.

Hyperlinks

Hyperlinks provide clear information as to end location or function

Yes
No
Sometimes

When creating hyperlinks, be descriptive as to the function or location the hyperlink will take the student. Hyperlink text of "Click Here..." does not provide information as to "where" the hyperlink will take the student.

Color

1. Other elements beside color are used to convey information:
Yes
No
Sometimes

When using color for Web-based materials, avoid using color by itself to convey information (e.g., click on the "green" hyperlinks). One option may be to use symbols to identify a change in the presentation of content. For example, instead of using "red" to identify a change in content, use a "red asterisk".

2. Sufficient color contrast is present to differentiate between the foreground and background content.
Yes
No

Avoid using text and background colors that do not provide sufficient contrast. For example, do not use white color text on a light blue background – this combinations would not have enough contrast between the foreground text and background color. Also check the page to ensure hyperlinks and background colors have sufficient contrast.

Time Limitations for Assignments
Instructor has understanding of how to alter assignment time limit for student with appropriate accommodation.
Yes
No

Students often qualify for extended testing time as an accommodation for their disability. Many learning management system tools can limit the amount of time allocated to a student for tests, quizzes, assignments, etc. It is necessary to understand how to increase the total time allocation for students who are approved for extended time on assignments within learning management systems.

Data Tables
Tables with data have appropriate row and column headers identified:
Yes
No

Data tables (those that are used to display tabular data rather than tables for layout purposes) require additional code to properly interact with specialized technologies. It is necessary to identify the headers of the row and column data using "table header" methods or the scope attribute.

MS PowerPoint
MS PowerPoint presentations are available in an accessible format:
Yes
No

The Web-based version of MS PowerPoint presentations does not provide an accessible interface. Provide at least one other version of the presentation format. Accessible presentations may be created using the Accessible Web Publishing Wizard (http://www.accessiblewizards.uiuc.edu/) or LecShare/LecShare Pro (http://www.lecshare.com/). One option may be to have two separate hyperlinks – one hyperlink directed to the accessible version and a second hyperlink directed to the PowerPoint presentation.

Adobe PDF
Adobe PDF documents are available in an accessible format:
Yes
No

Adobe PDF documents can be created such that the PDF itself is accessible. This requires recent versions of MS Office and Adobe Acrobat. If the PDF document cannot be made accessible, provide another version of the format or identify where the student may obtain an alternate format of the document.