COURSE SLO ASSESSMENT REPORT, SCC

Department:	_Biology	_ Course:Biology and Environmental Studies 200	
Year:2012	Semester:_Spring_		

1) Outcome to be assessed	2) Means of assessment and criteria of success	3) Summary of data collected	4) Analysis of data	5) Plan of action/what to do next
Express a fundamental comprehension of ecological principles by citing examples SLO #2/2	Three multiple-choice questions will be inserted into various lecture exams. 65% of the students should be able to correctly answer a "C" question, 20% of the students should be able to answer a "B" question, and 10% of the students should be able to answer an "A" question.	1. In the field, you observe a lion chase, kill, and eat a gazelle. A vulture pecks away at the leftover meat scraps. Beetles attack the remaining fragments. Finally, bacteria complete the breakdown and recycling of organic material. If you were ready to apply a general classification to the feeders, what would be the correct sequence? A) decomposer → scavenger → detritivore → carnivore B) carnivore → detritivore → scavenger → detritivore → scavenger → decomposer C) carnivore → scavenger → detritivore → decomposer D) carnivore → scavenger → detritivore Spring 2010 30/34 (88.2%) 2. Which statement is true about the hydrologic (water) cycle? A) Because this is a true cycle, it is impossible to run out of fresh water for human use. B) Some water evaporates from land and plants. C) All water molecules that evaporate from the ocean precipitate on land and move by gravity through groundwater to	I am fine with the results, I feel that the numbers are adequate for the material at this time.	I may use different questions the next time I assess this SLO.

	the ocean again.
	D) Once water sinks into the
	ground, it is safe from human
	exploitation or pollution until it
	has rejoined the ocean.
	E) The main source of water in
	the atmosphere is from
	evaporation over landmasses.
	evaporation over fandmasses.
	Spring 2010 18/34 (52.9%)
	Spring 2010 10/34 (32.970)
	2. Alsh and antique is a
	3. Although extinction is a
	natural process, current
	extinctions are of concern to
	environmentalists because:
	A) more animals than ever
	before are going extinct.
	B) most current extinctions are
	caused by introduced species.
	C) the rate of extinction is
	unusually high. D) current
	extinction is primarily affecting
	plant diversity. E) none of the
	above.
	Spring 2010 12/33 (36.4%)
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